MS.Chemical Reactions

MS.Chemica				
Students who demonstrate understanding can:				
	analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after the substances interact to determine			
		a chemical reaction has occurred. [Clarification Statement: Examples of reactions could include burning sugar or steel wool, fat reacting with		
		dium hydroxide, and mixing zinc with hydrogen chloride.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to analysis of the following properties: density, melting		
	point, boiling point, solubility, flammabilit	int, boiling point, solubility, flammability, and odor.]		
MS-PS1-5.	Develop and use a model to	evelop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction and		
	thus mass is conserved. [Clar	nus mass is conserved. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on law of conservation of matter and on physical models or drawings, including digital		
	-	rms, that represent atoms.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the use of atomic masses, balancing symbolic equations, or intermolecular		
	forces.]			
MS-PS1-6.	Undertake a design project	to construct, test, and modify a device that either	releases or absorbs thermal energy	
	by chemical processes.* [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the design, controlling the transfer of energy to the environment, and modification of a			
device using factors such as type and concentration of a substance. Examples of designs could involve chemical reactions such as dissolving ammonium chloride or				
		: Assessment is limited to the criteria of amount, time, and temperature		
The performance expectations above were developed using the following elements from the NRC document A Framework for K-12 Science Education:				
Science a	nd Engineering Practices	Disciplinary Core Ideas	Crosscutting Concepts	
Developing and		PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter	Patterns	
	uilds on K–5 and progresses to	 Each pure substance has characteristic physical and chemical 	 Macroscopic patterns are related to the 	
developing, using and revising models to describe, test,		properties (for any bulk quantity under given conditions) that	nature of microscopic and atomic-level	
systems.	abstract phenomena and design	can be used to identify it. (MS-PS1-2) (<i>Note: This Disciplinary</i> Core Idea is also addressed by MS-PS1-3.)	structure. (MS-PS1-2) Energy and Matter	
		PS1.B: Chemical Reactions	 Matter is conserved because atoms are 	
mechanisms. (MS-PS1-5)		 Substances react chemically in characteristic ways. In a 	conserved in physical and chemical processes.	
Analyzing and Interpreting Data		chemical process, the atoms that make up the original	(MS-PS1-5)	
	6–8 builds on K–5 and progresses to	substances are regrouped into different molecules, and these	The transfer of energy can be tracked as	
extending quantitative analysis to investigations,		new substances have different properties from those of the	energy flows through a designed or natural	
	ween correlation and causation, and	reactants. (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-5) (Note: This Disciplinary Core	system. (MS-PS1-6)	
		 Idea is also addressed by MS-PS1-3.) The total number of each type of atom is conserved, and thus 		
		the mass does not change. (MS-PS1-5)		
		 Some chemical reactions release energy, others store energy. 		
		(MS-PS1-6)		
		ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions		
builds on K–5 experiences and progresses to include		 A solution needs to be tested, and then modified on the basis of the test results in order to improve it. (cover don't to MC BCL ()) 		
constructing explanations and designing solutions		the test results, in order to improve it. <i>(secondary to MS-PS1-6)</i>		
supported by multiple sources of evidence consistent with scientific knowledge, principles, and theories.		 ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution Although one design may not perform the best across all tests, 		
 Undertake a design project, engaging in the design 		identifying the characteristics of the design that performed the		
cycle, to construct and/or implement a solution that		best in each test can provide useful information for the redesign		
meets specific design criteria and constraints. (MS-		process—that is, some of the characteristics may be		
PS1-6)	-	incorporated into the new design. (secondary to MS-PS1-6)		
		 The iterative process of testing the most promising solutions and 		
Connections to Nature of Science		modifying what is proposed on the basis of the test results leads		
Connections to Nature of Science		to greater refinement and ultimately to an optimal solution. (secondary to MS-PS1-6)		
Scientific Knowledge is Based on Empirical		(300011011010)		
Evidence				
 Science knowledge is based upon logical and 				
conceptual connections between evidence and explanations. (MS-PS1-2)				
	(MS-PS1-2) Laws, Mechanisms, and Theories			
Explain Natural Phenomena				
Laws are regularities or mathematical descriptions of				
	mena. (MS-PS1-5)			
Connections to other DCIs in this grade-band: MS.PS3.D (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-6); MS.LS1.C (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-5); MS.LS2.B (MS-PS1-5); MS.ESS2.A (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-5)				
		PS1-5); HS.PS1.A (MS-PS1-6); HS.PS1.B (MS-PS1-2)(MS-PS1-5),(MS-P	(MS-PS1-6); HS.PS3.A (MS-PS1-6); HS.PS3.B (MS-PS1-	
6); HS.PS3.D (MS-PS1-6) Common Core State Standards Connections:				
ELA/Literacy –				
RST.6-8.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions (<i>MS-PS1-2</i>)				
RST.6-8.3	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. (MS-PS1-6)			
RST.6-8.7	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram,			
	model, graph, or table). (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-5)			
WHST.6-8.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related,			
focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. (MS-PS1-6)				
Mathematics –				
MP.2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively. (MS-PS1-2),(MS-PS1-5)			
MP.4 6.RP.A.3	Model with mathematics. (MS-PS1-5)	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems. <i>(MS-PS1-2)</i> ,(MS-PS1-5)		
6.SP.B.4	Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots. (MS-PS1-2)			
6.SP.B.5	Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context (MS-PS1-2)			

*The performance expectations marked with an asterisk integrate traditional science content with engineering through a Practice or Disciplinary Core Idea.

The section entitled "Disciplinary Core Ideas" is reproduced verbatim from A Framework for K-12 Science Education: Practices, Cross-Cutting Concepts, and Core Ideas. Integrated